



HCP / Caregiver(s): Dr. Brown

# Brief Summary - Rare Diagnosis

<b>Name</b>	Bob Doe
<b>DOB</b>	11 May 2010
<b>Medical record number</b>	123445657
<b>Location</b>	General Hospital - Springfield
<b>Date</b>	16/02/2022

## Evaluations

<b>Major clinical findings</b>	IUGR/growth delay (symmetrically small for age) Transient neonatal hyperinsulinism /hypoglycaemia Idiopathic hepatic fibrosis Idiopathic intermittent metabolic acidosis Multiple ventricular septal defects (spontaneous closure) Ectodermal abnormalities sparse/unruly hair and fine eyebrows, numerous café-au-lait lesions
<b>Development</b>	Growth delay
<b>Behavioral characteristics</b>	Normal gross and fine motor skills development

## What we knew before UDP assessment

<b>Family History</b>	healthy parents, Polish/English ancestry, non-consanguineous Unaffected sibling
<b>Previous key evaluations</b>	SNP microarray 1st July 2013 Gene panel 28th September 2016

## What we found

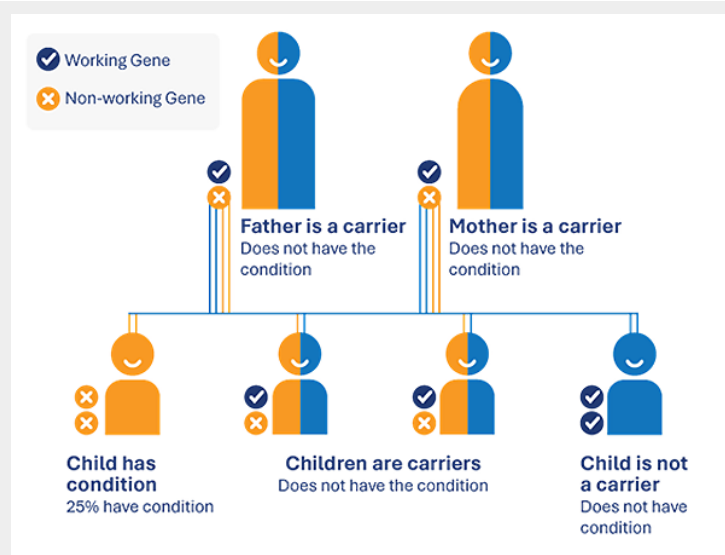
<b>We have identified the cause of firstname's condition - their diagnosis is</b>	Tricho-hepato-enteric syndrome
<b>Pathogenic variants were identified</b>	Pathogenic variants were identified (gene changes) were identified in the SKIV2L gene
<b>Clinical features include</b>	Tricho-hepato-enteric syndrome is autosomal recessive condition with varied clinical severity. Clinical features in this condition typically include problems with intestinal function characterized by chronic diarrhea/failure to gain weight, cirrhosis of the liver, woolly/brittle hair, a weakened immune system, cafe-au-lait spots and congenital heart defects.

## Single Gene

<b>Predicted Class/s</b>	<b>Genes</b>	<b>Chromosome</b>	<b>Nucleotide Change</b>	<b>Protein Change</b>	<b>Zygoty</b>	<b>Effect</b>	<b>Inheritance</b>
Pathogenic	SKIV2L	6	c.904C>T c. 2662_2663delAG	.Gln302* p.Arg888Glyfs*12	homozygous	Stopgain Frameshift	Autosomal recessive

# Genetic information

## Autosomal recessive



Testing of both parents has shown that each carries a copy of the SINGLE GENE change and have passed this down to BOB DOE.

This inheritance pattern is called autosomal recessive.

[Autosomal recessive inheritance \(genetics.edu.au\)](https://genetics.edu.au)

# Conclusions

## Ongoing Management

**Based on BOB DOE's assessment, we have the following recommendations for ongoing management:**

Adult genetic clinic- Bob Doe may wish to discuss recurrence risks of his condition if/when he is planning a family.

## Resource and support links

[Home - Rare Is Everywhere](#)

[MyTime - Supporting parents and carers of children with disability](#)

[Raising Children with Disability | Raising Children Network](#)

[Children with Multiple Disabilities, Rare Conditions or are Undiagnosed Navigate Life Texas](#)

[Extraordinary! A Book for Children with Rare Diseases](#)

[Rareminds | Mental Health Services for the Rare Disease Community](#)